Understanding Digital Dermatitis



in Dairy and Beef Cattle



Digitial Dermatitis (DD) is the most prevalent infectious hoof lesion and is present in dairy, beef and even young-stock cattle. It is described as raw, bright-red or black circular inflammation of the skin above the heel bulbs, with edges forming a white margin and overlong hairs that surround sores or are adjacent to thick, hairy, wart-like growths.

Pathogenesis

Damaged skin due to chronic exposure to moisture and chemicals as well as mechanical irritation. Infection of the skin (by different bacteria such as *Treponema*) leads to swelling, pain and ultimately forming an ulcer. If left untreated, these ulcers can become chronic and cause the skin to thicken and in some cases cause growth of skin that look like hairs protruding from the skin surface.

Identification and Progression of DD

Understanding how to identify the presence and severity of digital dermatitis is key to keeping the disease under control. Once the disease is introduced into a herd, it spreads rapidly and prevalence often exceeds 70%.

There are five stages of digital dermatitis originally identified by Döpfer *et al.*, 1997, beginning with MO, which is normal digital skin with no signs of dermatitis.



M1 Early / Subclinical



M2 Painful / Acute Ulcer



M4 Proliferative

Treatment

Topical

Prevention

- Improved management, hygiene
- Clean and dry environment
- Pay attention to biosecurity
- Footbaths
- Zinpro[®] Availa[®] Plus

Risk Factors

- Introducing new animals into the herd (biosecurity)
- Poor hygiene, such as muddy pens and inadequate footbath programs
- Chemical/physical skin trauma
- Early lactation cows and young cattle

Digital Dermatitis Develops

Complications

- Wall and toe abscesses
- Pre-mammary dermal sores
- Layered heel horn erosion and abnormally shaped claws
- Poor hygiene in interdigital space

DD Prevalence Level Rating

High More than 25%

Low Less than 5%

Importance of Keeping Heifers DD-free



Zinpro[®] Availa[®] Plus Provides Breakthrough in **Hoof Management**

Zinpro Availa Plus contains zinc, manganese and copper chelates of amino acids hydrate, plus iodine as a counter ion and has been developed specifically for use in cattle. When fed as part of a specific in-feed mineral formula and a well-balanced diet, it has shown to significantly decrease the prevalence and severity of digital dermatitis in cattle.



Rethink Hoof Health Management

Making a change to common hoof health practices and incorporating Zinpro Availa Plus will:

DAIRY

Claw integrity, reproduction/ fertility rates, feed efficiency, milk yield and milk quality (lower SCC)



Veterinary bills and costs associated with footbaths and foot condition

BEEF

Hoof integrity, average daily gain, feed conversion, live and carcass weight



Benefits of Feeding Heifers with Zinpro Availa Plus





Gomez, A. et al., 2014. A randomized trial to evaluate the effect of a trace mineral premix on the incidence of active digital dermatitis lesions in cattle. J. Dairy Sci. 97:6211-6222.

^b Gomez, A. *et al.*, 2015. First-lactation performance in cows affected by digital dermatitis during the rearing period. J. Dairy Sci. 98:4487-4498

^c Zinpro internal study 2015



For more information: contact your Zinpro representative or visit **zinpro.com**